

J. E. JONES, President
A. B. WHITING, Vice Pres. and Gen. Mgr.
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TELE. 447.

THE A. B. WHITING Paint and Glass Co.

Wholesale and Retail.

(SUCCESSIONS TO A. B. WHITING CO.)

ODD FELLOWS BUILDING, 521 AND 523 QUINCY ST.

We carry a complete line of Glass, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Ladders and Painter's Supplies.

Paints for Every Purpose.

In any Quantity.

House Paints.

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PAINTS AND ARTISTS' BRUSHES.



PAINT your homes in the Latest Artistic Shades, with Acme Prepared Paints. For durability and beauty they are unsurpassed. Comparison solicited with any brand on the market.

The Acme Paint can be had in any quantity, and at all times from us.

It is economy to Paint these hard times. If you want to sell your house Paint It. If you want to rent a house Paint It. If you live in it be sure and Paint It. Paint It and preserve it from decay.



TO-DAY'S MARKET REPORT.

Furnished by W. F. Emerson, Broker in Grain, Provisions and Stocks. Bent Building, corner Seventh and Jackson Streets.

Chicago Market.

Chicago, March 21.—Wheat was dull but firm today. Unsatisfactory cables and northwestern reports in excess of last year's were against the price, but the prospects of a cold wave and freezing weather in its northward course turned up the market. May opened unchanged at \$8.40 advanced to \$8.50, and closed steady at \$8.50.

Corn was firm in sympathy with wheat and on fair buying by Iowa-Green and Baxter. May opened unchanged at \$7.10 advanced 10¢, advanced 10¢, and reacted to the opening price.

Barley firm, May 30¢.

Receipts: Wheat, 25,000 bu.; corn, 225,000 bu.; oats, 3,000,000 bu.

Shipments: Wheat, 12,500 bu.; corn, 163,000 bu.; oats, 260,000 bu.

Time is worth everything. Delays are dangerous. No one can afford to run the risk of allowing a cough to develop into pneumonia, which is nearly always fatal. Cough-Cough Cure is the only remedy that can be relied on to give quick relief and cure the cold.

Sold by Rowley Bros.

Cambridge, Mass., June 21, 1890.

Norman Lighty Mfg. Co., Des Moines, Ia.

Dear Sirs—Enclosed please find an order for \$1, for which send me as many Krause's Baudache Capsules as it will pay for. They are very good indeed, but can not get any in Boston. Yours very truly,

ASA R. SHEPPARD,
123 Norfolk St.

Sold by all druggists.

We mend our customers laundry free of charge. Peerless Steam Laundry, 112 and 114 West Eighth.

An honest Confession.

If we were asked the reason why "VIAVI" performs such wonderful cures, we would be honest, and say, "We don't know." Ask a scientist why an apple invariably falls downward, and he would say it was due to the law of gravitation.

That is about all he could tell you. It is no more natural for bodies to gravitate toward the center of the earth than it is for "VIAVI" to cure the diseases peculiar to women. It is not a drug, but a food, which nourishes and strengthens the affected parts, thereby enabling nature to throw off the disease. Our Health Book sent free.

KANSAS VIAVI CO., Topeka, Kas.

OMINOUS WHISPERS.

Washington Atmosphere is Rife With Rumors.

Alleging There are Sugar and Tariff Scandals.

HE IS CRUSHED FLAT.

Breckinridge Can Never Hold His Head Up.

WASHINGTON, March 21.—[Special.]—The atmosphere of Washington is gently agitated by rumors that some great scandal or scandals are about to come out. Sometimes it is in the sugarline and sometimes in some other line affected by the tariff, but the favorite haunting place of gossip just now appears to be about the agricultural department. It is alleged that advance knowledge of the department reports in regard to crops and the amount of grain and other things in the country has leaked out and been used to aid speculators.

RECRUITING FARMERS.

Offers of Bands of Commonwealthers From Many Parts of the Country.

MASILLON, O., March 21.—For a week past Coxey and his followers have been holding meetings night after night in little farming communities and at the crossroads with a dozen or twenty miles of Massillon. Coxey is particularly anxious to get the agriculturalists to enlist with his expedition, and has been making stirring appeals. His success in this line is still largely problematical. There is still in this county an old guard of Greenbackers, which has frequently, even in recent years, cast upward of 1,000 votes. It is upon this contingent that Coxey, who has always been a leader among them, depends for a nucleus for his enterprise.

J. A. Conrad of Popular Bluffs, Muscavie, writes on behalf of the unemployed workingmen of that place: "Many of us want to join your army, and will do so."

We can pay our own expenses, and if we can get reduced rates will come 1,000 strong."

W. F. Sutherland of Huntington, Ark., says: "I propose to raise 100 men here. I propose to start with this number and walk to Little Rock. There I will get 1,000 men, divide and take two routes to Washington."

In the general dullness prevailing, while the house drooned over the appropriation bills and the senate got ready for its fun on the tariff, the territories applying for statehood made another desperate effort, but the indications are that they have met with a pretty serious rebuff. Miss Kate Field has run amuck at the Mormons, and it is noted that her lectures have been attended by several senators, who appeared much impressed with her views, and whether that be the cause or not they shake their heads and hint that perhaps another year or two out in the cold are needed to get Utah thoroughly disinfected. It must be said in justice, however, that Miss Field is arguing upon a state of facts which prevailed in Utah a score or so of years ago, and that the gentiles of that territory who formerly opposed statehood are now pretty generally in favor of it.

The appropriations bills are now so far along that the Democratic leaders, after swinging around the circle and admitting various lapses here and there, have come back to their original assertion and declare with positiveness that the expenditures for 1894 will be less than those of the current year by at least \$40,000,000 and possibly \$10,000,000 more. Many Republican members also, after interrogating a variety of objections to the Wilson bill, have come back to the idea of a tariff commission with extensive modest improvements.

A Seaside Plan.

In a general discussion heard by your correspondent, in a smoking room where many northwestern members were gathered, one of them presented this plan, which he admitted was too late to be considered now, but he believed could be urged to adoption next year or in the next congress: "I am," said he, "in favor of a permanent nonpartisan commission on an entirely new system. I would have it like the supreme court of the United States—a continuing body, its members subject to removal only by impeachment. I would have one-third of them doctrinaires—theocrats, if you please—one-third experienced financiers and one-third manufacturers willing to give their time and ability to the subject. Of course it would have the different sections equally represented. This commission should be authorized to bring in a tariff bill every year, all the changes from the bill of the preceding year being limited to small per cent. And this bill should be put in just as it passes an unopposed appropriation bill. The commission should have the power to preserve established industries and build up new ones and yet allow the formation of trusts, and whenever trust is formed under the tariff existing the rate should be reduced immediately."

A Party of Poxes.

"Under the existing system a stable tariff is an impossibility. It is not at all certain that a stable tariff can be established anyhow, but we may count very near it.

The chief difficulty is this: Traders can open new lines of trade, inventors can get up new articles and telegraphers can devise new methods of fraud faster than "germs" can grow; we have got to be, to possibly change the tariff to suit. To these natural elements of instability is now added the instability of politics. It is not in human wisdom to foresee what party will be in possession of the government a few years hence, and even if we could know it is not possible to deduce from that party's past what its tariff policy for the future is going to be."

"And why should not this thing be practicable? The system of running the postoffices was long ago taken out of politics, and the only changes now made are in the officeholders. The common schools of the various states, which were once the subject of political contention, have long since ceased to be so, and this is true of many other things. Why, then, is it not possible to establish a similar fixity of purpose in our customs duties? And if it should work well, as I have no doubt it would, I think the people would favor a similar arrangement for the management of the railroads and the telegraph."

Such views which are not at all uncommon among congressmen, would seem to indicate that Bellamyism and other movements of that kind, or rather the movements advanced by that class of reformers, have greatly influenced the thought of legislators. Another point of floating opinion, worth noting, is that since the heat of the battle on that subject subsided many Democrats are willing to admit that annexation of Hawaii would be a good thing and assert that it would be in line with Democratic precedent, and that the party will make a mistake if it opposes it, for they say, the sentiment of all progressive people is always in favor of the acquisition of the railroads and the telegraph."

Four and Perhaps Five Tickets Will Be in the Field.

PITTSBURG, March 21.—The city election will be a hot one here. Last night the Republicans nominated delegates to attend a convention to be held Wednesday evening, the 21st. The Populists held their caucus Saturday night and decided to call a city convention to nominate a straight Pop ticket Thursday night, the 22d. There is talk of a straight ticket by the Democrats.

A citizens' convention is also called for tonight. There will be four, and perhaps five, tickets in the field. The suffragists urge the ladies to register in order to demonstrate that they want the ballot.

NEWS OF KANSAS.

German American League Shows Signs of Strength.

It is Organized at Lawrence With Large Membership.

OTHER STATE NEWS.

Death of Isaac T. Goodnow, Founder of Manhattan.

LAWRENCE, March 21.—The meeting of the Germans at Turner hall was one of the most enthusiastic ever held in Lawrence. It was called to form a branch association of the German American league of the state of Kansas.

Fifty-two names had been added to the list of membership. Prominent Germans attended from remote parts of the county, several being present from Twin Mound, Willow Springs, Media and Leavenworth.

Editor Grimes of the "Germania" called the assemblage of German people together at 3:30 o'clock and the work of organization was begun at once. Editor Von Langen of the "Kansas Telegraph" was introduced as a delegate from the state league at Topeka. The officers for the coming year were elected by acclamation and were chosen as follows: President, Phillip Albeck; vice president, W. F. Betz; secretary, Editor Grimes; treasurer, F. W. Jaedke.

The constitution and by-laws of the Germania was adopted.

A resolution was therefore passed authorizing the mayor to submit this question to the voters of the city at the coming election.

KEPLEY'S CONTRACT VETOED.

A Topeka Man Having Hard Luck at Wichita.

WICHITA, March 21.—Mayor Cox has again vetoed H. B. Kepley's paving contract. He said it was \$600 more than the lowest bidder.

Councilman Kenyon moved that the vote be sustained and a vote was taken. The vote was 7 ayes and 5 nays, and since Mr. Kepley lost his contract after having been awarded it four times.

Councilman Johnson made a motion that the city council please permit Mr. Kepley to ship his material out of town and said he would be glad to go to get away, and hereafter allow any contractor that wanted to come in and rob Wichita.

THE CHLOROFORM & HILL.

United States Marshal Neely Performs a Dilemma Operation.

LEAVENWORTH, March 21.—Dr. Neely performed a critical operation on a bull yesterday at his farm south of Leavenworth. The operation demonstrated how much chloroform would ordinarily be required to knock a bull dead.

I took about an ounce and a half. When this quantity had been administered the bull dropped heavily. He layed wavy feebly in the air for a moment and the next instant he was as firm as the sign-painted bulls in butcher shops. The doctor sawed his horns off close to his head and put a large bright shining ring in his nose, and when Mr. Neely came to he was the glass of fashion and made of form.

HILLMON CASE AT LEAVENWORTH.

All the U. S. Judges to Get a Whore.

LEAVENWORTH, March 21.—S. A. Higgs, one of Mrs. Hillmon's attorneys, says the famous case against the insurance companies will not be tried until April as was the intention. Judge Thomas of South Dakota, who was to have presided in the case, cannot be present and it will therefore go over until June.

He hopes that the case will be tried before Judge Caldwell. In 1882 the case was tried before Judge Foster, in 1883 before Judge Brewer and in 1885 before Judge Shiras.

SEVERAL PERSONS VICTIMIZED.

By LOUIS LEVER, a Clock Maker at Leavenworth.

LEAVENWORTH, March 21.—The police and detectives are looking for a young man known as Lewis Lever, a clock maker by trade, who came here from the east two weeks ago yesterday and immediately secured employment. He suddenly left the city early this morning.

Lever roomed with Z. Faust, a peddler on Osage street. He victimized him to the extent of \$300. Another man was caught for \$16 and still another for \$5.

Achison Peppermint.

ATRONSON, March 21.—The People's party city central committee met last night and decided not to nominate a city ticket this spring. J. P. McGuire, a Populist, who was nominated by the Democrats of the Fourth ward for the city council, said he was ready to get off that ticket, or to make the race, just as was desired by the committee. It was decided to allow McGuire to remain on Democratic ticket.

ALMA MURDERS ARRESTED.

ALMA, March 21.—Jeremiah Carpenter and his brother Christ, two men well known in this community, have been arrested to-day, charged with killing Peter Mullerbacker, about ten miles west of here, Saturday night. Thomas McLain, a colored man who lives about two miles west of Alma was also arrested. He was working near Vera when the officers found him, and contends that he knows nothing about the murder of Mullerbacker.

GLADSTONE'S EYES.

An Operation Is to Be Performed on Them.

LOWSON, March 21.—Mr. and Mrs. Gladstone arrived in London this morning from Brighton. Mr. Gladstone appeared to be in good health and after a brief rest at Downing street, drove to a special appointment in order that a further examination of his eyes might be made.

It is understood that Mr. Bettleship, with whom Mr. Gladstone remained in consultation for three-quarters of an hour, believes that an operation may be performed without danger to the distinguished patient.

It not only pleases, it does more, it cures. We refer to One Minute Cough Cure. Suitable for all ages, all conditions, at all times.

J. S. Jones.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

FOR SALE—Cheap, a new Singer and White sewing machine, the latter my way and I will sell them cheap for cash.

E. W. Rogers.